THE DAILY GAZETTE:
PUBLISHED BY
PENNIMAN, REED & CO.,
Corner Sixth Ave. and Smithfield St.
F. B. PENNIMAN, JOSIAH KING,
T. F. HOUSTON, N. F. REED,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.
TERMS OF THE DAILY:
By mail, per year.....$8.00
Delivered by carrier, per week.....15

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

GENERALITIES.

THE tea trade in London is declining.

THE strawberry season in Florida is over.

MAINE is trying to attract Scandinavian colonists.

OUR million acres of wheat land enrich California.

RUSSIAN WOMEN make successful telegraph operators.

A NUGGET of pure copper ore has been found in Monroe county, Iowa.

SAN FRANCISCO is using six thousand pounds of strawberries per diem.

JUDGE NESMITH is about to retire from the Supreme Bench of New Hampshire.

THE Boston *Post* says that California fruit prospects are pleasing, and only man is vile.

CHRISTIAN YEAGER'S carpenter shop in St. Louis, was burned on Monday loss, $2,000.

THE book keeper of a livery stable shot a colored driver, in St. Louis, dangerously wounding him.

PHILADELPHIA and New York are having their Park concerts. When will Al Fresco begin?

THE damage to corn by the recent cold and wet weather in Northern Iowa will prove very slight.

MCCHESNEY, the blind preacher, is locating in California, where his eloquence and music draw large crowds.

A NEW ORLEANS man painted a wood cut on his boy's face since deceased—to see if it was loaded. It was.

LEAVENWORTH claims to be the most prosperous town laid out city between St. Louis and the Pacific slope.

IT is thought the cars on the Dubuque and Sioux City Railroad will be running to Sioux City by the middle of June.

A NEW YORK judge couldn't see what three thieves wanted with seven and a half pairs of shoes, so he committed them.

WHEN an Indian camp is captured by Sheridan's troops the loose scalps are secured by the boys and sent east for chignons.

CUSHMAN BROTHERS, paper manufacturers of North Amherst, Mass., have stopped payment with small assetts and $80,000 liabilities.

EDINBURGH has a man who has spent forty years of his valuable life in jail. This unproductive occupation he recently had thirty separate installments.

TWO little Detroit boys found a knife and couldn't agree which should have it. It was finally broken into the other, and there was only one left to divide it among.

ON Tuesday Edward Murray tried to drown himself in the canal at Buffalo. Two policemen were all that stood between him and death; but they were sufficient.

IT is thought Mr. Gladstone would not survive a month if Mrs. Fawcett or any other woman should take a seat in the House of Commons during his administration.

IN experimenting in London recently on telegraphy, messages were sent to Teheran, in Persia, a distance of 3,700 miles, and answers were received in thirty seconds.

A HUGE amendment at Atlanta applied, a few days ago, to have his bride of an evening bound over till he could get a divorce. She was small, but used a skillet cannily.

HAVEN'T we had enough insane murderers that we let lunatics like George Francis Train wander around loose? or is it only temporary not eternal insanity that is dangerous?

MRS. CAROLINE RICHINGS sings Shoo Fly in the opera of Crown Diamonds, and thus delights that cultivated population of Charleston, S. C., of which we have heard so much.

A MAN named Cook in Chandlerville, Ill., threw a brick at and broke the head of a man named Serf. Cook left before the performance was over and has not come back yet.

A PRESBYTERIAN Female College is to be started at Greencastle, Indiana. The Second Church building and grounds, worth about $14,000, have been devoted for the purpose.

ONE of the largest audiences ever assembled in Providence, R. I., greeted Senator Revels on Monday, when he lectured upon the "Tendency of the Age." Gov. Paddleford introduced him.

THE young King of Bavaria is at present engaged in thoroughly studying the history of the Catholic Church. They say in Munich that he is going to write a strongly anti-ultramontane book.

TWO large brick buildings are being erected in Monmouth, Ill., by Messrs. Marteen disyllables and one trysyllable. The next ten times, in which the movement of the Trojan host is compared to vapors on the mountain top, there are eighty-one words, of which there are only thirteen dissyllables, and no word of more than two syllables. In book five, lines 663 to 668, there are fifty-four words, of which but four are more than one syllable.

A GRACEFUL story is told of Lamartine. One day a penniless man of letters called upon him, and, informing him of his needy situation, requested the loan of a considerable sum of money. Lamartine, who was much moved by the recital, opened his drawer and gave him the amount. He then consulted his unfortunate visitor on the vestibule. The season was autumn, and as Lamartine opened the street door, the unfortunate author shivered in his shabby coat. A sudden idea struck Lamartine, and calling out "Monsieur, you are forgetting your overcoat," he quickly took down an overcoat that was hanging in the passage and assisted the needy visitor to put it on with so much ease and grace that the poor man, quite overcome, did not know how to confuse a gift which wasso delicately offered to him.

AN old soldier in Troy, New York, has, for a long time drawn a pension from the Government on the ground that by a gun shot wound he had wholly lost the use of one of his hands. The fingers and thumb appeared to be so rigidly closed that they could not be opened of his own volition, nor by any means but the application of great power, and of this he was himself. The surgeons, however, determined, and resolved to administer an anæsthetic. He submitted, with great reluctance, to a dose of ether. When it began to exercise its influence, the muscles relaxed their rigidity, the hand opened and the fingers and thumb were straightened out and rubbed thoroughly, as though no injury had ever been inflicted to impair, in the least, the perfect power and symmetry of the member! The wholly inner portion of the hand exhibited indisputable evidences that it had been applied, and that most thoroughly, to the purposes of severe manual labor. The pensioner gets no more money from Uncle Sam.

A NEW ORLEANS letter says: "When the North has a mild and open winter, as the past has been, production of ice by artificial congealing is important to everybody. It is always important here. When it does freeze it is usually to the extent of a quarter the first shooting of Richardson by McFarland, I was passing through New York. I called at Sackett's residence, where Richardson was, to see him. Found Richardson in bed and apparently in pain. I told him how I was, and he replied that he was very much better. I suddened me to find him involved in such a matter and suffering the consequences. He replied by asserting that Broadway would be a happy one. He then task me to aid in procuring a divorce, and I supposed from the reference he made to Connecticut and Massachusetts divorce would be applied for in that State by her. She never at any time stated to me that she contemplated any step in the direction of obtaining a divorce. Think she was present and silent when he made the remark, that if she obtained a divorce he intended to marry her if she would accept him. As I was the only instrumental in procuring employment for her, with or without emolument, for was I asked by her, or any person in her behalf. To the best of my knowledge and belief, I did not know she contemplated going to Indiana, until I read her letter asking for letters of introduction in her husband's name. I called on Albert D. Richardson, per Abby Sage, went to Indiana in my company, at any time, or for any purpose, with her husband. I was not present at the interview between the parties, but was informed by her husband that she had refused to marry her if she would accept him. As I was

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

GAZETTE BUILDING:
Corner of Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 13, 1870.

BONDS in Frankfort, 95¼a95¾.

PETROLEUM in Antwerp, firm.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 114¼.

THE recognized leaders of the free trade lobby, at Washington, are the soon-to-be ex-Commissioner Wells, Delmar and Donn Piatt.

THE pending tariff bill is virtually dead. The House, the Senate and the President are all decided against it. And the people don't want it, in its present shape. The great question of revenue and taxation is yet to be adjusted on some other issue.

IT is now proposed, at Washington, to leave the question of the legal term of the Georgia Legislature to the State authorities for their adjustment. We should prefer to submit either less or more than that to the same arbitrament. But almost anything, rather than to see the re-opening of an interminable discussion by Congress.

WE have a report of the remarks made by our Representative, Hon. JAS. S. NEGLEY, in the House, on the 11th inst., upon the bill to revive our commercial and mercantile interests. The speech is a long one, but replete with statistical information of the most valuable nature, and with deductions which build up a convincing argument. We shall make copious extracts from this speech to-morrow.

WEBSTER.

The second volume of Curtis' great work, "The Life of Daniel Webster," has too long escaped our notice. Mr. Curtis has so completed his task—a labor of love—as to justify that high personal appreciation which compelled the great statesman, his subject, to appoint him one of his literary executors. The editor has given to us a biography which is no less a faithful history of American politics for nearly forty years. The foremost lawyer and Senator, jurist and publicist, of his time, is living again in the pages, of a work which wholly succeeds in identifying the recent triumph of the Union as due in no small measure to the teachings of him who declared "The Union now and forever, one and inseparable."

In a former reference to the first volume of this work we expressed an admiring sense of the fidelity and scholarly skill with which Mr. Curtis has handled the materials for this biography. The present volume fully supports our judgment. As a whole, his "Life of Webster" will take its place very high in the archives of American history. The agent (Mr. J. R. Cunningham, No. 62 Fourth avenue) informs us that it has been justly appreciated by all the people of culture in these cities.

WHY THIS WAS THUS.

——The best laid schemes
Of mice and men gang aft agley!

We clip from the Philadelphia *Sunday Times* the following interesting contribution to political history:

While the Watt-Diamond case was pending, the Hon. Benj. Harris Brewster, ex-Attorney General, was professionally retained by the Democrats, to go to Harrisburg, to influence the vote of Lowry for Diamond. Brewster and Lowry are "old chums" and bosom friends, and it was supposed that Lowry could be reached and controlled by the former—hence the alleged engagement. Brewster went to Harrisburg, but he did not make any impression upon the wily old Senator, who held aloof to see how the land laid, before committing himself.

If Kerr had gone with the Democrats, and Diamond been admitted, this would have made Lowry the "King of the Senate," (just what he wanted to be)—because he would have held the balance of the power between the Republicans and the Democrats. The understanding was said to be, that in consideration for his voting for Diamond, and in the event of his admission, then the virtuous Lowry was to vote for "coffee pot" Wallace for Speaker, which would have given the organization of that body to the Democrats. The Democrats, on their part, stipulated that if Lowry should not be nominated in his district by the Republicans, they would run no candidate in that district, but would cast their votes for Lowry, who was to run as an independent candidate, and with their aid, with such dissatisfied Republicans as would have supported him, they hoped to elect him.

This was a "nice little arrangement." But how was it knocked in the head? We will explain. Lowry confidently expected that Kerr would vote for Diamond, but a short time before the report in the case was prepared, an informal vote was taken in the Committee, and to the surprise of all, *Kerr voted in favor of Watt*. (This was after he had been "fixed.") Lowry, on that occasion, voted with the Democrats, to seat Diamond, but, discovering that Kerr had changed *his* ground, Lowry immediately changed front, and when the report was made out a few days afterwards, gave Watt his seat. Lowry signed it, and thereby retained his standing with his party friends.

WHAT THEY SAY OF IT.

It may interest the reader to hear what is said by the New York press of the McFarland verdict.

The *Tribune* declines to comment, having full faith that the truth will ultimately vindicate itself, and that justice will be done to the memory of its murdered friend.

The *Post* says the trial was a farce and the murder a cowardly and long premeditated assassination, which is justified only by that prurient crowd which cares nothing for law in the abstract, as against personal feeling. The result is an open defiance of government, weakening the bonds of organized society, the civil order of which is now to be qualified by the private right of assassination. The *Post* concurs, in the late recommendation from the Governor of Mississippi, thus:

The question whether one man killed another, and whether he did it wilfully, is properly for a jury to determine; but the question whether or not he is responsible for the killing is one which ought to be reserved for a special inquiry. If the plea of insanity is made, it ought to be decided entirely apart from all other questions, and by a different tribunal, expert in this question, and unembarrassed by personal sympathies, or by the pressure of feeling in a crowd. Until some amendment of this kind in our criminal procedure is made by law, there is no adequate security for life or for public order, against the malice of any man who may deem himself wronged beyond endurance.

The *Advertiser* regards the result, "shocking as it is but generally believed in by the great body of the people," as having "the effect to detract from the character of our criminal jurisprudence."

The *Standard* speaks of the Court as simply "a town-meeting," from whose judgment, as well as the influences which led to it, that journal revolts. The Court has become the theatre of the murderer's glory. It thinks McFarland could only have been acquitted on the ground of insanity, and should have been ordered into confinement at once. This view is strengthened by its own report of a subsequent interview with the man, whose language was the most violent denunciations against all of Richardson's friends. If this interview is correctly reported, there will be more bloody work for juries to pass upon.

The *World*, which has maligned Sickles for taking the life of a man who was at the time in actually guilty relations with his wife, justifies McFarland's murder of a man against whom no crime has been proven. But the *World* respects the majesty of the "town-meeting," and hates the *Tribune*.

The *Times* regards the provocation as great, and the result as equally inevitable and justifiable.

—The opinions of all these journals are palpably biased by their personal and political relations to the parties most concerned, but not one of them, friend or foe, apologist or censor, succeeds in wholly concealing its perception of the mischiefs which such a verdict may entail upon society. Therein is the true judgment of civilization.

A New York dispatch says:

There is a manifestation of reactionary feeling to-night on the ground that a very dangerous precedent has been established, and that the plea of insanity as laid down in this instance will screen murderers in nearly all cases hereafter. The belief that McFarland should have been convicted appears more prevalent than it was before the verdict was rendered. There is prospect of a sharp fight among newspapers again on this subject.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

MEMOIR OF THE REV. JOHN SCUDDER, M. D., Thirty-six years a Missionary in India. By Rev. J. B. Waterbury, D. D. Published by Harper & Brothers, New York. For sale by E. Miner, 71 and 73 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh.

Viewing the career of this extraordinary man in his double profession, as minister both to the soul and body of the heathen, his labors cannot be properly estimated in time, but only by the light of eternity. His biographer very justly says, a man who could open the eyes of the blind, inspired a reverence far greater than one who appeared simply as a Christian teacher. His two-fold profession gave him great favor. Unlike many who enter the missionary work, instead of restricting his field, he made extended trips into heathendom, and by his evangelistic labor accomplished great good. The rich fruitage arising from his devotion to this best of causes, is his best and crowning memorial. The volume is partly in journal form, and gives an insight into his habits and life, and of his devoted and heroic wife, that is truly inspiring to the Christian and philanthropist.

IN SPAIN AND A VISIT TO PORTUGAL. By Hans Christian Andersen, author of the "Improvisatore," etc., Author's Edition. Published by Hurd & Houghton, New York. For sale by J. W. Pittock, corner Fifth Avenue and Smithfield street, Pittsburgh.

The contrast between the guide-book account of travel in Europe, and Mr. Andersen's racy sketches of men and things, in Spain and a visit to Portugal, never appeared so diverse to us before, and any one who will take the trouble to compare this work with one of the former, will be surprised at the difference. The reading of this book charms and almost dazzles the mind with the wealth of description, and of the delightful episodes of travel. The peculiarities of the people, its grand old cities, and ancient structures, its wonderful history in bygone years, are all presented in the glowing imagery and prose-poetic style of this gifted writer. The possession of all his delightful writings, in the elegant style now being issued by this house, is worth having.

BUSY BEES: or Winter Evenings in Margaret Russel's School. By the Author of "Squire Downings Heirs." Published by Robt. Carter & Brothers, New York.

We are quite sure that the readers of this delightful story will agree with us, that the beautiful lessons, example, and instructions of one like Miss Russel, could not fail to produce a rich fruitage. The account of these "Busy Bees" should impart to our youthful readers lessons of wisdom, and habits of usefulness. The tone of the book is decidedly in favor of Christianity, and ought to do good.

BEN THE LUGGAGE BOY. By Horatio Alger, Jr. Published by A. K. Loring, Boston.

Many of our youthful readers have heard of "The Ragged Dick Series," by this popular writer. In portraying the ups and downs of this class of street boys, useful lessons are embodied, which will serve to guide others in the straits that may cross the pathway of the poor and unfortunate child. This volume depicts the history of a boy who had been favored with the comforts of a good home, and had run away to New York, because he had been chastised for an offence which he had not committed. After performing almost every kind of menial service, he saved money enough to enable him to cast off his rags and buy a new suit of clothes, and carry him home to his parents. His return caused great joy, and the lesson was not lost on either parents or boy. Boys will be glad to know that Mr. Alger will extend the series.

MAY MAGAZINES.

Harper's Monthly, as usual, is profusely illustrated, and superbly too. The illustrated articles are quite readable. The first, "Our Barbarian Brethren"—the last word might have been dropped—throws considerable light on the Indians—"Albert Durer," "Spots on the Sun," a valuable paper, "Life of Frederick the Great," an intensely interesting portion of his life, and "In a Country Store," are the other illustrated articles. This number contains several short stories, varied in their character, but absorbing and entertaining. The Editor's "Easy Chair" and "Editor's Drawer," fairly bristle with bright things. The new department, "Scientific Record," is a valuable acquisition. The superior manner in which this monthly is conducted illustrates the advanced position of journalism.

Lippincott's Magazine opens with Anthony Trollope's New Story, "Sir Harry Hotspur of Humble-thwaite." "The Echo of the Appomattox across the Atlantic" is a spirited article and will do good. Much interest may be gathered from the notes of travel in "Virginia." The admirers of "Hawthorne" will find a capital essay by Tuckerman. "How I found my Fate," and "The Coming Woman," will attract the reader. "The Cross in Legend, Poetry and Art," and "Eccentricity as a Pursuit," contain much of substantial interest. Rose Terry's pretty poem "Mary," ought to be read without fail. "Guesses and Guessers," is well written. The "Monthly Gossip" and "Literature of the Day" are discriminating and good. It is a capital number.

Putnam contains some excellent papers, commencing, "Our Celtic Inheritance," which is one of much excellence. "The Tale of a Comet" is rather amusing. Bayard Taylor's poem, "Notus Ignoto," is pretty. The sketch of "Pictures in the Private Galleries of New York," will amply repay the reader, and so will "Madame Roland," an article of thrilling interest. Crouch's "Musical Mystery" is quite readable. "A Woman's Right" by Mrs. M. C. Ames," is written in her charming style. Both "Polyglots," and "Our Political Degeneracy and its Remedy," are substantial papers. "Literature at Home," by R. H. Stoddard, and "Literature and Art Abroad," by Bayard Taylor, are prepared with the usual nice discrimination of these writers.

Golden Hours is a capital Magazine for boys and girls. It contains articles of the right sort for young people, and of a higher grade of moral tone than usually to be found in Monthlies for children. Articles like, "A Voyage up the Persian Gulf," "The Circassians," "The Elephant," are quite interesting and nicely illustrated.

The *Atlantic Monthly* gives three chapters of "Joseph and his Friend," by Bayard Taylor, which holds its interest firmly. "Signs and Show Cases in New York," reveals some curious things. "My Secretaryship" will amuse, as well as instruct, and "The English Governess at the Siamese Court" is a charming paper. The poetic articles are numerous, varied and exceedingly fine. "The Legend of Jubal," by George Eliot, will attract attention. Bayard Taylor's "May-time Pastoral," is a dainty affair. The "Lanson Tragedy," and "Among the Isles of Shoals," are good. The paper on "Our Money Problem" is able and interesting. The remaining articles are quite good, and show much variety.

The *Galaxy* presents a fine list this month. After the usual installment of Reade's story, Thurlow Weed gives a chapter of rich experience of stage-coach traveling, nearly half a century ago. Dr. J. C. Draper's sterling article on "Nature and Dress," ought to be widely read. Chaney's good, but startling revelations—"Ten Years in Rome," will command thoughtful attention. Justin McCarthy writes better than the worthiness of the subject. Gen. McClellan's article on the late Marshal Burgeaud, is well written and full of historical merit. Richard Grant White's paper, entitled, "The Lady Gruach's Husband," is worthy of the writer. The different editorial departments appear to good advantage. The new one, "Memoranda," by Mark Twain, is an amusing affair.

Old and New for May presents a very inviting list of articles. "Looking Back Across the War-gulf," by Robert Dale Owen, is a spirited sketch. "Now," contains a lesson for the times. The article on "Catholicism and Protestantism" is able and entertaining, and the "Mormon Problem" indicates the thoroughness of the author's views and resources. "Religion in Schools" is quite opportune. The poetry is quite good and seasonable. Despite the dogmatic views of the theological contributors, the articles of this type are usually scholarly and high toned. This monthly is printed in elegant style, and worthy of imitation by other magazine publishers.

Our Young Folks is worthy of the month, and of its fair name, both as regards the illustrations and the letter text. The two full paged pictures "Spring Whistles" and "Grandmother's Bedside," are charming, in fact all the wood cuts are in fine taste. Such articles as "We Girls," "What I Saw in China," "Mr. Clarence Calls on the President," will give an idea of the excellent articles in this month's number.

The Ladies' Repository is not, strictly speaking, a ladies' book, but each number contains reading for the old and young of both sexes. Each number has two elegant steel engravings, besides wood cuts. Its tone is chaste, moral and elevating. The articles are quite varied, as may be seen from the following: "Modern Forms of Theistic Naturalism," "Rudolph Stein's Courtship," "The Miracle at Nain," "Oliver Goldsmith," "Life in Paris," "The Woman Movement," etc.

Hours at Home commences a new volume with this number. The first article will attract attention, in view of the feeling so broadcast on the subject, namely: "Popular Education vs. Sectarianism." "Oriental Weddings" is full of interesting incidents." "Diet en Masse" and "Pink and Blue" are worthy of a reading. Wilkinson's "Three Kinds of Scripture" is brief but pointed, and "Symbolism of Numbers" presents some curious facts. The other prose articles are worthy of reading, and the poetry is quite good. The editorial departments maintain their excellent features.

The Anglo-American Magazines, published by Lippincott, of Philadelphia, are deservedly popular, at least those for May, as we only see them occasionally. The *Sunday Magazine* is a publication of much excellence. Beside the serial articles, "Episodes in an Obscure Life" and "The Struggle of Ferrara," there are a number of others of an interest character. *Good Words* opens with "Ferryhurt Court," followed with "Letters from the Tropics," by Kingsley. Poems by Jean Ingelow, Robert Buchanan and Sydney Dobell are sandwiched between the charming prose articles. "Days in North India," by the editor," is good. Considerable space is taken by "Dorothy Fox." *Good Words for the Young* is a capital magazine for young people. The matter and the illustrations are suitable and instructive. The story of "Ronald Bannerman's Boyhood," by the editor, Rev. George McDonald, is very fine. Two or three of the other articles are serials, and very entertaining.

COURTESIES OF THE PRESS.

Thanks to our friends for the following:

THE Pittsburgh *Gazette* has appeared in a new dress, and is typographically one of the handsomest papers in the State. Always staunch, and true, and able, the recognized exponent of the sturdy Republicans not only of Allegheny county, but of Western Pennsylvania, we trust that its circulation may grow with its years, as its usefulness will increase with its prosperity.—*Somerset Herald.*

THE Pittsburgh *Gazette* in its new dress is brighter than ever. By its steady pull in the ranks of Right, it is widely known as the "Old Reliable *Gazette*," an honorable title we hope it may live to enjoy for many years to come.—*Zanesville Courier.*

THE *Gazette* is one of the most prosperous as well as one of the most reliable and able papers in the Keystone State.—*Tuscarawas Chronicle.*

"As a newspaper the *Gazette* holds a high rank among the best dailies in the State, and as an able and faithful advocate of Republican principles and the party that upholds them, has few if any superiors.—*Harrisburg Telegraph.*

ALTHOUGH the *Gazette* is more than eighty years old, it is as vigorous as any of its youthful cotemporaries, and the new suit which it has donned is a gratifying evidence that the people of Pittsburgh appreciate its enterprise and spirit.—*Altoona Sun.*

THE Pittsburgh *Gazette* since it got into its new quarters, has doffed the old and appears in a splendid new dress, as neat and clean as a "Quaker lady" in a fresh suit on a holiday. Long may it live and enjoy the prosperity which its new dress indicates.—*Lawrence Journal.*

THE *Gazette* is always a welcome visitor, for its able editing. Now it will be doubly welcome that the neatness of new type has rejuvenated the old sheet.—*Akron Beacon.*

THE old and excellent *Gazette* newspaper comes to us in a beautiful new dress—the spring style, eh!—and is handsomer than ever. It is an able and honest champion of Republican journalism, and well deserves the generous support it enjoys.—*Meadville Republican.*

THE Pittsburgh *Gazette* appeared on Monday in a new suit of type, which materially improves the appearance of our able and popular cotemporary. The GAZETTE is nearly a century old, and is a journalistic institution that Pittsburgh could not dispense with, any more than it could with the graceful structure which connects it with its rapidly growing sister city, Allegheny. Both are beautiful and indispensable.—*Pottsville Journal.*

THE *Gazette* is one of the most reliable Republican papers in the State, staunch in its politics and ever to be found denouncing the wrong and advocating the right. No half-way milk and water Republicanism about the *Gazette*, but fearless when advocating the principles of its party, and always ready to advance the interests of that party. It is looked upon as the organ of the Republican party in Allegheny county because of its reliability, and because of the ability with which it is conducted.—*Kittanning Republican.*

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.—This sterling Republican paper makes its first appearance in May in a bran new dress. It is an honest, faithful supporter of its party and its State, reliable and enterprising in its news department and will meet with the success it richly deserves and has fairly earned.—*Oil City Times.*

THE Pittsburgh *Gazette*, a journal we read with special interest and endorse as a faithful exponent of Republicanism, appears this morning in a new typographical dress, and looks every way the personification of neatness. The *Gazette*, aside from its undoubted fealty to principle, is valuable as a family journal, and its commercial department is unrivaled.—*Steubenville Herald.*

OUR GERMAN PRESS.

The *Volksblatt* discusses the different systems of nominating candidates. It says both systems are good if they be properly used, and this "if," is the hook on which the whole question hangs. If a few political hacks control the ward meetings and conventions, or can openly cheat at the polls—who is to blame but the people themselves, who are either too lazy to attend the primary meetings, or too apathetic to punish swindling and corruption at the first good opportunity? It is all right to denounce corruption; but it does no good but one must go to work to make things better. Often the remark is heard: "I don't want to go to the primary meetings among the rowdies where I am ashamed to find myself—I'd rather stay away and let them do what they choose." That is precisely the hook. How can things be better if no one will disturb existing evils?

The *Republikaner* goes for Congress as usual with its sharpest stick. Besides this it has a translation from the *Revolution* upon the woman's rights movement; a short article upon Arizona and its prospects of soon becoming a State; and a sarcastic article upon German begging, in which it objects to the growing custom of asking money from American Germans, for carrying out projects—such as the Hermann memorial—in the Fatherland.

Under the head of "Murder Rewarded," the *Freiheit's Freund* handles the McFarland trial severely. After remarking upon the jubilation in the court room at the announcement of the verdict, and the idea it would give a stranger of American morality, it says, "The whole process was a farce; the jury knew as well as McFarland himself that before the law the deed was nothing else than a premeditated murder; probably not one of the jury believed the accused to be insane.

"We have previously remarked that the fault lies in the fact that in cases like this of McFarland public opinion does not agree with the law. The law punishes with Death every premeditated murder, and makes no difference on account of the *motive* for the deed; but public opinion *does make* a difference, and decidedly objects to punishing with death a husband who murders the seducer of his wife (he she more or less guilty). So long as the law remains unchanged, absurd trials like this will be constantly repeated."

NEIGHBORHOOD POLITICS.

IN Butler county, the announcement of candidates are as follows: *Congress*, E. McJunkin; *Assembly*, Dr. S. H. Matheson, Capt. J. S. Bippus, Dr. Amos Lusk, A. D. Wier, Geo. W. Fleeger; *Associate Judge*, Dan'l Fiedler, J. W. Brandon, H. C. McCoy; *Commissioner*, Robt Allison. Robert Barron; *Auditor*, Dr. H. A. Wise.

THE *Citizen* speaks highly of Captain Gillespie, but adds: "At some other time we would have no objection to see him go to Congress; but not now. Our county is entitled to the next nomination, and we mean to have it. You must wait, Captain."

IN Armstrong, the primary elections are called for June 4th. The candidates now offering are, *Congress*, C. B. Gillespie, D. Phelps; *Assembly*, R. W. Smith, R. Thompson, M. M. Steel; *Judge*, Isaac Kinnaire; *Attorney*, J. O. Barret; *Sheriff*, R. D. Ellwood, C. McClatchey, D. C. Quigley, R. G. Curren; *Commissioner*, W. P. Lowry, J. K. Ormand, S. H. Smith. Thos. Herron.

The Crawford County System.

We have been asked frequently of late, what has become of the Crawford County System of nominating candidates in this county, and whether any change in the old system is contemplated. In reply we would say that the subject was left to a committee, appointed at a meeting of the County Committee last September, together with a system of equal representation by delegates, chosen on the basis of the Republican vote in each district, and seems to have slumbered in the hands of that Committee since, as we have never heard of them making any report. To our mind, however objectionable the present system may be, we think the Crawford County System much worse, and we have no doubt that the party, after making a trial of it, would unite their experience with that of others who have tried it, in pronouncing it a humbug. The Democrats of Bedford county, after a year's experience, have, in Convention, by an almost unanimous vote returned to the old delegate system. We have recently conversed with a number of Republicans in Blair county, all of whom are heartily tired of it and are anxious to abandon it. One very strong objection to it is the injustice it does to candidates living in the country, the advantage all being in favor of the man who resides in some large town, where he has the opportunity of getting all his friends out to the primary meetings with comparatively little exertion, while others living in sparsely settled districts in the country labor at a great disadvantage, owing to the well known difficulty of getting the voters out in rural districts. In addition to this, there are other features of the system that render it objectionable in many other respects. The system of apportioning the delegates according to the number of Republican voters in each district, it seems to us, would be decidedly preferable, and no doubt a much better mode of securing a fair representation, and of doing justice to all parties in the nominating conventions. These, however, are only our views on the subject, and the suggestions are thrown out for what they are worth.—*Huntingdon Journal.*

Instruct Your Legislators.

As the time approaches for nominating candidates for the Legislature, it would be well for the people of both parties, in their majority counties, to instruct their candidates for the Legislature on the subject of the deposits in the sinking fund. There are some nine millions of dollars in various kinds of securities now in that fund. Last winter a scheme almost succeeded to steal that vast sum, and apply it to uses other than those fixed for it by the Constitution. The men engaged in that bold scheme, although they were defeated, will repeat their efforts to secure this same object next winter. Hence the only safety of the people hereafter is to instruct their legislators, and also not to re-elect any man who voted for this measure last winter. If the people fail to do this they will find before the close of 1871 that the State Treasury has been robbed of nine millions of dollars, and that loss will be added to their *pro rata* of taxation. We warn the people now when it is time to act. If the taxpayers neglect their business in this connection, they will have themselves to blame. Those who are interested in making this great cheat a success, we do not for a moment doubt, are already engaged in arranging for the election of men to the Legislature who will do their bidding in over riding another veto by Governor Geary, by two-thirds vote. The people can put a stop to this. If they fail to do their duty, they will have themselves to blame if they are robbed.—*Butler Citizen.*

Divorces in Connecticut.

Among the interesting statistics which Governor English has just communicated to the Legislature of Connecticut in his annual message we observe that the number of divorces in the State is put down at four hundred and eighty-one. This is stated to be the largest number ever known in any single year, and in the opinion of the Governor it can be ascribed to the exceedingly loose laws of the State relating to divorce. Many of these cases of the dissolution of the nuptial tie doubtless were brought there only because of the greater facility with which divorces may be obtained. For some years past the statistics of Connecticut are said to have shown, according to President Woolsey's recent work on the subject, that the proportion of divorces to marriages is a little more than one to ten. During the last year, however, the figures of Governor English make this proportion as upwards of one to four. The marriages within the State are given as 1,754, and the divorces, as we have stated, 491. We are not surprised that the Governor is troubled at the increasing ratio, and thinks it worthy of legislative attention.

THERE are many reasons given in explanation of the opposition to the North ern Pacific Railroad bill in the Senate. In the first place, the members representing those States directly interested in the Union Pacific and Kansas Pacific Railroad oppose the building of the Northern Pacific road, because it competes with these roads. Then a number of free traders are inimical to the bill, for the reason that it contains a clause compelling the road to use American steel rails, which they think is in the interest of home protection, and an unnecessary blow to "revenue reform." Then come a large number of members, mostly from the Eastern States, who are of the opinion that it is political suicide with their constituents for them to vote away so much of the public domain, and lastly come those members, before giving their votes for such measures, would like to have some recognition in the way of stocks or bonds, should they fail to be returned to Congress, and become ex-members. A protest has been prepared by the minority, which it is expected will be accepted as a compromise. This protest is ready, but the friends of the bill refused to allow it to be read, for the reason, as they say, that it is a simple piece of demagogism which should not be tolerated.

THERE is no longer any doubt of the fate of the Tariff bill. It may possibly, under the pressure of the Ways and Means Committee, succeed in getting through the House, although of this there is grave doubt, but there is no possibility of its pasage by the Senate. This opinion is given after a pretty thorough canvass of the leading men in the Senate, who affirm that the present tariff is satisfactory to the country for this year, and that it is not a proper time, even if Congress had the opportunity, which it has not, owing to the backward condition of business, to revise it. It is also held that by the time Congress meets again, the finances and business of the country will be in a more settled condition, and that an easier and more equitable adjustment can then be made. It is believed that there is a clear majority in the House in favor of recommitting the bill, and some of the Pennsylvania members assert that they believe that the whole delegation except Mr. Kelley, would now vote in favor of a square proposition to recommit. In any event the bill will fail, for the opposition to consideration by the Senate at this time.

THE latest reliable news from Washington is to the effect that a material change has taken place in the views of General Grant and his Cabinet on the Senate Funding bill. It is stated that General Grant is in favor of continuing the purchasing of bonds by the Government to the full extent of the surplus in the Treasury.

NEWS from the Darien Canal expedition is still unfavorable. The Caledonia Bay route is pronounced impracticable. The Indians continued friendly. A telegraph line is being successfully built.

EDITORS GAZETTE: I saw in this morning's GAZETTE a local notice mentioning the fact of my name being spoken of as a probable candidate for the District Attorneyship of Allegheny county for the next term; also you say you do not know whether I am an aspirant for the position or not. In answer I beg leave to say that until within the past few days I was not, but inasmuch as several prominent members of the bar, as well as numerous others not members of the bar, have suggested the matter to me, and urged that I become a candidate, I have finally concluded to yield to their wishes, and I do hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office in question, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention when called for the purpose of nominating a candidate for said office.

Respectfully yours, &c.
GEO. R. COCHRAN.

PITTSBURGH, May 12, 1870.

ALLUDING to the report that he would send a special message to Congress on the subject of internal taxation, and making suggestions on the subject of the tariff, the President said he would do nothing until the House had disposed of the Tariff bill now under discussion, which he believed stood no chance whatever of being passed. If the present bill fails, the President will send a brief message to Congress, setting forth his views on the Tariff question and suggesting the placing of many articles, not now included, on the free list, and reducing the duties on many others. In regard to internal taxation, the President believes that all the revenue required can be raised from six articles, viz. Malt and spirituous liquors, stamps, gas and incomes, and that it will not be necessary to continue the taxes on other articles.

PERRY'S COMEDONE AND PIMPLE REMEDY.

This is the only infallible remedy known to science for that unsightly disease of the secretions known as Comedone's Black Worms on the nose and face. It also cures those disfiguring diseases, Acne and Sycosis, Red, White and Mattreated Pimples on any part of the body. It leaves the skin soft, smooth and healthy. Sold at

JAMES E. BURNS & CO.'S
DRUG STORE,
Corner Penn and Sixth (old St. Clair) Sts.

THE WEAR AND TEAR OF BUSINESS LIFE.

The cares and labors of business life are apt to tell severely upon the health and constitution of the ardent, energetic business man, and when the need of some sustaining agent is felt, stimulants that cause only a temporary exhilaration, and leave the system in a state of partial collapse when their first effect has passed off, are too often resorted to. As certainly as fire leaves behind it a residuum of ashes, the use of the adulterated liquors of commerce produces premature exhaustion and decay. Touch them not. Tone and regulate the overtaxed vital machinery with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. In that wholesome elixir, the alcoholic element, which is the purest derivable from any source, is tempered by the choicest tonic, aperient, anti-bilious and anti-febrile vegetable extracts and juices. To strengthen, recruit, solace and purify the system is the mission of the great vegetable specific. When the stomach is in a healthy state, the bile flows regularly, the bowels perform their office properly, and the telegraphic fibres of the nervous system are in perfect working order, an enormous amount of labor can be borne without risk or inconvenience, and the direct effect of the Bitters is to promote this vigorous condition of the functions upon which the nourishment of the body, and its power of endurance mainly depend. The great tonic and alterative is, therefore, emphatically recommended for its remarkable strengthening properties, to all upon whom the responsibilities of life press heavily, and who feel like fainting under the burthen. A lively appetite, a splendid digestion, elastic spirits, and a marvellous ability to withstand fatigue, are among the blessings justly ascribed to the renovating operation of this palatable and powerful cordial, indeed there is nothing in the materia medica that can be compared with it.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FABER & VAN DOREN,
367 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
STEAM ENGINES,
IRON AND WOOD WORKING
MACHINERY,
Steam Pumps,
Engineers' and Machinists' Tools,
STEAM FIRE ENGINES,
BELTING,
Woolen Machinery, Machine Cards.
Manufacturers' and Mill Supplies. A constant supply on hand and furnished on short notice.
ORDERS SOLICITED.

"HILL & ADAM'S SEWER PIPE CO."
65 and 67 Sandusky St., Allegheny.
Manufacture highly VITRIFIED WATER AND SEWER PIPE. Dealers in CHIMNEY TOPS, FLUES and HYDRAULIC CEMENT.
C. G. McMILLEN, Agent.
my7:w61

To Oil Capitalists.

The BRADY'S BEND IRON COMPANY will sell tracts of land, for boring purposes, in near vicinity to the new flowing well on Armstrong Run. They will also SELL LOTS on the bank of the Allegheny River, near the new well, convenient for building sites.
W. D. SLACK, Superintendent.
BRADY'S BEND, May 10th, 1870. my10:w73

KING WASHER.

This machine has taken the entire market in New York, New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania, and is guaranteed
A Perfect and Easily Working Machine.
W. W. KNOX, Sole Agent,
daw 137 LIBERTY STREET.

GARDEN PLANT AND Flower Trellises!

The handsomest, neatest, cheapest garden ornament. Over 20 designs.
W. W. KNOX,
MANUFACTURERS' AGENT,
137 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

THE CHEAPEST PLACE in the City TO BUY WATCHES, IS AT
Wattles & Sheafer's,
101 Fifth Avenue.
A large stock of AMERICAN and IMPORTED WATCHES just received and for sale at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES. my7

WINE OF LIFE.—The great Blood Purifier and Delicious Drink, WARNER'S VINUM VITÆ, OR WINE OF LIFE, is free from any poisonous drugs or impurities, being prepared for those who require a stimulant. It is a splendid appetizer and tonic, and the finest thing in the world for purifying the blood. It is the most pleasant and delicious article ever offered to the public, far superior to brandy, whisky, wine bitters, or any other article. It is more healthy and cheaper. Both male and female, young or old, can take the Wine of Life. It is in fact, a life preserver. Those who wish to enjoy good health and a free flow of lively spirits, will do well to take the Wine of Life. It is different from anything ever before in use. It is sold by druggists; also at all respectable saloon. Price $1.00 in quart bottles.
R. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO., Wholesale Agents.
my2:mwf7

GARDEN VASES.

Garden Ornaments, Lawn Rakes, Lawn Scythes, Lawn Mowers, etc., etc.
W. W. KNOX,
137 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

LAND PLASTER, GUANO, AND our celebrated AMMONIATE SUPER-PHOSPHATE OF LIME. Always in store.
W. W. KNOX.
daw 137 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The partnership heretofore existing between J. T. Glass and Chas. A. Large, doing business under the firm of J. T. Glass & Co., was this day dissolved by mutual consent.
J. T. GLASS,
CHAS. A. LARGE.
PITTSBURGH, April 20, 1870. ap20:w21

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SPECIA
A.
WILLIAM
Nos. 180 and 182 Feder
A Large Assortment of the Latest Novelties IN
LADIES' HATS AND BONNETS,
Misses' and Children's Hats.
A BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENT OF
Ribbons and Flowers.
KID AND LISLE THREAD GLOVES.
Lace Collars and Handkerchiefs,
Linen Collars and Cuffs,
Ladies' Fancy Bows,
Ladies' Fancy Silk Scarfs.
Parasols and Sun Umbrellas.
Ladies' and Misses Fancy Hose.
Men's and Boys' Cotton Socks.
Men's Summer Underwear.
Men's Fancy Bows and Neck Ties.
LINEN SHIRT FRONTS,
Paper Collars and Cuffs,
Wholesale and Retail,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
180 and 182 Federal Street, Allegheny.

NOTICE!
Third Arrival of Spring
DRY GOODS.
Bell & Moorhouse,
21 FIFTH AVENUE,
Are Offering Great Bargains in
Dress Goods,
Silks, Shawls,
Linens, Piques
and Chintzes.
READ THE PRICES
AT
James Hoag, Jr's,
174 Federal St., Allegheny.
At 10 cents, 50 patterns Wall Papers, bright colors, good at the price.
At 12 1-2c., Heavy Bright Buff Wall Papers, a bargain.
At 15 cents, Fine White Papers.
At 25 cents, yard-wide White and Buff Holland for Window Shades, good at the price.
Fine Oil Cloth Window Shades at low prices.
Yard Wide Floor Cloth, bright colors, 45 cents.
Wide Oil Cloth, cut to fit halls, rooms, &c.
Elegant Gold and Hand Made Wall Paper, at low prices.
JAMES HOAG, Jr.,
No. 174
FEDERAL STREET,
ALLEGHENY.

THE BEST BARGAINS OFFERED
This Season.
AT 20 CENTS,
Ladies' Heavy British Cotton Stockings.
AT 25 CENTS,
Ladies' Heavy British Cotton Stockings
AT EXTRA BARGAIN.
AT 3 PAIR FOR $1.00.
Ladies' Super British Cotton Stockings.
AT 20 CENTS,
Men's Heavy British Cotton Socks.
AT 25 CENTS,
Men's Heavy French Cotton Socks.
LADIES' AND MEN'S
MERINO GAUZE UNDERWEAR
AT VERY LOW PRICES.
MISSES, BOYS AND CHILDREN'S
COTTON STOCKINGS
AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES AT
Morganstern & Co's,
SUCCESSOR TO
MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.,
Nos. 78 and 80 Market Street.
AT
HORNE & CO'S.
Hosiery! Gloves!
Extensive and choice assortments at
Prices Unknown Since 1861.
ALEXANDRE'S KID GLOVES—a full assortment at $1.75.
COURVIORSIER'S KIDS at $1.75.
LONG TOP KIDS, choice shades, at $2.00.
REGULAR MADE BRITISH HOSE, Heavy, 35 cents.
PLAIN AND RIBBED COTTON HOSE, 10 cents and up.
DOMESTIC COTTON HOSIERY, by case or doz.
GENTS' SUPER STOUT HALF HOSE, 25 cents.
GENTS' SUPER FINE HALF HOSE, 25 cents.
Also splendid assortments SASHES, SASH and BOW RIBBONS, LADIES' FANCY BOWS.
Large Additions to Stock
Just arriving, to which we invite the attention of Wholesale and Retail Cash Buyers.
77 AND 79 MARKET STREET.

ST. LAWRENCE HOTEL,
ED. BARKER, Proprietor,
Cor. Penn St. and 11th, formerly old Canal

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ALTIES
T
SEMPLE'S,
al Street, Allegheny City.
NEW SUMMER SHAWLS,
Black Silk Basques,
BLACK SILK SACQUES.
Silk Poplin Dresses,
CHENE MIXED WASH POPLINS
Alpaca Poplins,
ALL COLORS.
At 25c., Double Width Poplins—very cheap.
At 6¼c., Good Calicos.
At 8c., Fast Colored Calicos.
At 37½c., 50c. and 62½c. Black Alpacas—very great bargains.
At 12½c., New Style Delaines.
At 12½c., yard-wide Feather Ticking.
At 12½c., 4-4 Bleached Muslin—extra good.
At 12½c., Heavy Sheeting.
At 12½c., Kentucky Jeans—a decided bargain.
LACE CURTA

FINANCIAL.

GOLD, SILVER, AND COUPONS

Bought at Highest Price.

PH. R. MERTZ, BANKER.

Cor. Wood St. and 5th Ave.

may9

Jas. T. Brady & Co.,

(Successors to S. JONES & CO.)

Corner Fourth Avenue and Wood Street,

BANKERS,

BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

Government Securities,

GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,

ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

☞ Money loaned on Government Bonds at lowest market rates.

☞ ORDERS EXECUTED FOR THE PURCHASE AND SALE OF STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

MONEY AND COMMERCE.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, May 12, 1870.

The money market is easy at 3@5 on call. All markets at the Stock Exchange are weak this afternoon on the report from Washington that the House Committee on Banking and Currency will report back without amendments the bill authorizing the retirement of $45,000,000 of 3 per cent. certificates and $50,000,000 legal tenders, and issue in place thereof $90,000,000 in new National Bank notes, which is a measure of severe contraction. Gold weak, owing to this report, and opened at 115¼ and closed at 114⅞. Carrying rates 3a 6, closing at 3. Clearances $45,000,000. Exports to Havana, $10,000. Sterling dull and weak at 9⅜@9⅝.

Late this afternoon private dispatches contradicted the report in regard to the bill authorizing the retirement of 3 per cent. certificates and legal tenders. It is said important amendments will be made before the bill is reported.

Governments firm. Coupons '81, 113@117½; do '62, 12⅜@12⅝; do '64, 11¾@11¾; do '65, 11⅝@12; do new, 10¾@10¾; do '67, 10⅝@10⅞; do '68, 11¼@11⅜; 10-40s, 8⅞@8⅝. Currency 6's, 12¾@12⅝.

The Treasury bought one million at 111 54-100 @111 85-100.

The weekly treasury statements show a coin balance of $112,900,000, and currency $250,000.

State bonds firm: Massachusetts 93¾; old Tennessee 60½; new 59; old Virginia 69, new 69¾; old North Carolina 47¾, new 25¾.

Private telegrams state that the U. S. & O. Co. has leased the O. & M. road on terms favorable to the latter. In the stock market the Washington telegram in favor of above was the signal for a general stampede to sell, and the decline ranged from 1 to 4 per cent. In leading railway shares there was a very large number of weak speculators shaken, and subsequently on the denial of the telegram the market recovered 3@3¼ per cent., but afterwards declined again, and was feverish and unsettled, closing weak at the lowest price of the day. The features were Lake Shore, Ohio and Mississippi, Northwestern, Rock Island, St. Paul, Rock Island and New York Central. The following were the closing prices:

Canton, 72¾; Cumberland, 46; Western Union Telegraph, 82¾; Quicksilver, 19; Mariposa, 8¾; preferred, 17¾; Adams Express, 66; Wells, 44; American, 57; United States, 44¾; Pacific Mail, 40¾; New York Central, Erie Scrip, 99¾; Erie, 25¾; preferred, 47; Harlem, 146; preferred, do, Reading, 102; Michigan Central, 125; Lake Shore, 96; Illinois Central, 143; Pittsburgh, 107; North Western, 79; prefer'd, 90¾; Rock Island, 121; New Jersey Central, 108¾; St. Paul, 66¾; preferred, 80¾; Wabash, 56¾; Fort Wayne, 99¾; Terre Haute, 35; preferred, 64; Chicago and Alton, 114; preferred, 115; Ohio and Mississippi, 30¾; Hartford and Erie, 6; Dubuque, 105¾; St. Joe, 111¾; C. C. & I. C. 18¾; C. & P. 79.

Sub-Treasury balance. Gold $239,556.61. Currency $419,797.71. General $816,611.30.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, THURSDAY, May 12, 1870.

Closing quotations as received by James T. Brady & Co:

Gold	115¼	5-20 Jan. & Jy. 1865	111¾
U. S. 6s, 1881	117	5-20 Jan. & Jy. 1867	111¾
U. S. 5-20 1862	112¾	5-20 Jan. & Jy. 1868	111¾
U. S. 5-20 1864	111¾	U. P. R. R.	85¾
U. S. 5-20 1865	111¾	C. P. R. R.	102¾
U. S. 10-40	83¾	Cy. Pacifics	12½

PITTSBURGH CATTLE MARKET.

EAST LIBERTY STOCK YARDS, THURSDAY, May 12, 1870.

CATTLE.

The cattle trade continues very slow and unsatisfactory and what is worse still, there is no prospect at present of any immediate improvement. There were plenty of buyers in attendance, in fact the number was unusually large, and even at advanced prices, the supply did not begin to supply the demand. The delegation from Philadelphia was very full, including Messrs. Maynes, McArdle Case, Aull; from New York, Briggs, Lamb & Martin, Klemen, Kelley; Hartzell, from Lancaster, and Moses from Easton. In addition to these, there were quite a number of others, whose names we cannot now recall; for Philadelphia, up to noon to-day, but a single car load had been bought, whereas, from the number of buyers, it would have taken 25 or 30 car loads to have supplied them properly. New York got the lion's share, though the New York buyers were not half supplied, and while many of these eastern buyers will be obliged to return home as they came, without a single bullock, we do not believe that any of them got the number they would like to have had. The supply was again light, unusually so, and not to exceed as many head as a half dozen cattle in the pens unsold, and we can not expect as many buyers next week, as drovers like other people, are not disposed to squander their time and money in coming here when there is no probability of their being able to buy, when the chances are that next week will be similar to this, plenty of empty pens and no cattle.

Then there is another view of the case, and it is no better. There is little or no money in handling stock at these prices, and the only reason why it is persisted in is that drovers must keep up their number, even if there is no money in it, and what is true of the drovers is equally applicable to the butchers. We know that people are complaining about the prices of meat and they have good reasons for so doing, but the drovers and butchers are not to blame for it. They can't help it, and what have prices down two or three dollars per cwt, as they could then handle more stock with the same amount of capital and make more money. There is an universal complaint among stock men (excepting the stock growers) in regard to these exorbitant prices, and the one we are sure, would rather see a the cattle must be scarce.

" " "		32	35,000	1 00
	TUESDAY, MAY 10.			
H. L. & Co. for G. Berry		18	13,780	6 40
" " "		19	17,020	6 75
" " "		3	3,120	7 00
" " R. Thompson		50	36,640	6 90
" " "		5	2,650	5 00
	WEDNESDAY, MAY 11.			
H., L. & Co. for L. B Doud		110	132,900	8 50
" " " R Thompson		17	18,550	7 37
" " " G Berry		17	20,060	7 00
" " " Holmes & P		44	58,270	7 80
Stuart to Entriss		16	18,500	8 37
" " Roth		34	37,690	8 50
Orr & Williams for Boles		14	17,460	7 70
" " "		16	21,000	8 50
	THURSDAY, MAY 12			
J. Scott to W. Kelly		54	60,100	7 56
" " "		16	20,200	7 00
" " "		30	41,900	9 00
W. H. Sands to G. Fritz		16	21,030	8 50

SHEEP.

The arrivals this week were somewhat larger than last week but with plenty of buyers and a continued active demand, prices are fully sustained, and to-day there were but few if any in the pens unsold. Extra sold at from 5@5½, and these may be regarded as the extremes of the market. Good 80@85 lb averages, may be quoted at 4¾@5, and 90 lb averages at 5@5½. There are but very few wooled sheep offering, and buyers do not seem to make any difference between wooled and clipped, and everything being equal, they prefer the latter.

HOGS.

The Hog market is moderately active with a supply just about equal to the demand. Compared with this day week, prices, especially for the better grades, are about a ¼ lower, but at the close, about all that offered were taken, and to-day there were but few if any unsold. Philadelphia Hogs, quoted at 9.62½@9.80, and Yorkers at 9.62½.

Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, May 12.—The market is inactive, yet prices are generally steady, at 15c for Atlantic A and Indian Head brown sheetings, 16c for Cabot A, 13½c for Augusta F and Pittsfield A, 12½c for Atlantic V, 12½c for 9-4 Monadnock, 15c for 9-4 Allendale, 40c for 9-4 Pepperell, 45c for 10-4 do, 50c for 10-4 Pequot, 16c for Sprague's old and new styles fancy prints, 11½c for Pacific Mills, do for Freemason, 40c for Amoskeag blue denims, 20c for Otis C C do, and 12¾@13½c for American striped sheetings.

Live Stock.

CHICAGO, May 12.—Cattle active and firm, at $6@8.50 for stockers to extra prime shipping steers. Hogs active and 10@15c higher, at $9.50 for fair to extra prime.

ST. LOUIS, May 12.—Cattle: prime cattle scarce, and wanted, with prices tending up to $6@7. Hogs firm at 37@9 for light to heavy.

PITTSBURGH MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, THURSDAY, May 12, 1870.

Trade generally is quiet and our general markets are devoid of anything new or important. There is a continued steady demand for most of the leading articles, and a fair business in the aggregate, though there is room for improvement. In regard to values, there are no important changes, none at least deserving of special notice.

ASHES—Firmer in the east but unchanged here. Common Soda, 4; refined, 4¼; Pearls, 9¾; Pots, 7¾.

APPLES—Continue quiet and unchanged, and the season is almost over. We continue to quote at $4@5 per bbl.

BUTTER—There is no improvement to note in the demand, and farmers and peddlers appear to be supplying the retail trade, and outside of that there is no inquiry. We continue to quote, at 20@25, for fair to choice roll.

BEANS—Continue dull but unchanged, ranging from $1.50@2 per bushel.

BROOM CORN—Is dull but unchanged, 13@16 cts per pound.

CHEESE—Sales of Ohio Goshen at 16@16¾; and New York Goshen at 17@18. New Western Reserve, is quoted at 12@14 cts.

CARBON OIL—Demand continues light but prices remain unchanged, 24 cts for standard brands.

CORNMEAL—Quiet and unchanged, 90@$1 per bushel.

DRIED FRUIT—Demand rather better, particularly for the better grades. Apples, 6@7c. Peaches, 7@8 for quarters and 8@9 for halves, as to quality. Blackberries, 13@14c.

EGGS—Continue quiet and unchanged, 14 cts, for fresh packed.

FEATHERS—Live geese feathers are quoted at 85@90, with the usual advance for small lots in store.

FLOUR—The market is firm but the demand is only moderate, and notwithstanding prices are up considerably in this week, it seems almost impossible to make an advance here. We continue to quote western flours, in store at $5.25@5.50 for spring wheat, $5.75@6 for winter wheat, and $7@7¼ for fancy brands.

GRAIN—There is a steady milling demand for wheat with fair offerings, and prices for such firm but unchanged; $1.15@1.20 for red and $1.25@1.30 for white. Oats steady and the receipts are falling off but no advance, remain unchanged; 42@48 in first hands, buyers furnishing sacks; 50, on wharf and track, and 52@58, in store. Corn is scarce and in demand, and car sells readily, on wharf or track, at 85 for car and 90 for shelled. Sales of Rye at 95@97, cash, and 85, time. Barley is quiet and unchanged, 75@90 for good to prime spring.

HAY—Continues very dull and baled may be quoted, on wharf, at $16@17.

LARD OIL—Extra No. 1, $1.30@1.35, and No. 2, 90.

POTATOES—Continue very dull and holders are anxious to realize. We continue to quote Peach Blows at 90@40c.

PROVISIONS—The western markets are reported very dull and a little off, but here there is a steady jobbing demand and as yet prices are maintained. Plain Shoulders, 13¼@13¾; Sugar Cured do, 14¾@14¾; Ribbed sides, 16¾; Plain Sugar Cured Hams, 18¾@19¾; Canvassed do, 19¾@19¾; Lard, in tierces, 17¾@17¾; in kegs, 18¾@18¾. Mess Pork, $30@31.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, May 10, 1870.

The oil market has recovered somewhat from the panic, (if such it can be called) which prevailed yesterday, and while prices are no higher, the feeling is steadier, and confidence is again being restored. There is no doubt but what the reported increased production was the principal cause of the reaction on Wednesday, and the fact that this month is expected to show a larger increase than April, is not without its effect, and is calculated to make operators generally a little "bearish." It was rumored this afternoon that the reports of the "Oil Producers Association" would show about twelve thousand barrels, which, if correct, is an increase, according to their own reports, over March, and will tend somewhat to confirm the belief that the Titusville *Herald* is not far wide of the mark. Be this as it may, however, the production is large, nearly two thousand barrels per day greater than at this time last year, and the fears at that time entertained that the Venango Oil regions might give out, are not likely to be realized, judging from present indications.

CRUDE.

Market fairly active and steadier though unchanged. Sales 1,000 bbls spot at 12¾; 1,000 each September, October and January, and 2,000 seller 90 days at 12¾; 1,000 do at 12¾; 2,000 buyer June at 12¾; and 2,000 buyer July at 12¾.

REFINED.

Sales 500 each July and September at 28¾; 1,000 bbls last half May at 27½; 2,500 June at 27¾; 5,000 July at 28. Buyer all yer nominal at 30¾. Market, as in case of crude, is steadier and a shade firmer, but as to prices, prices compared with yesterday, have undergone no quotable change.

RECEIPTS CRUDE OIL.

A B Mills 80, on account W Bartle; J Wilkins 100, on account A S Palmer; W McCutcheon 60, on account E H Long.

Total ..... 880 bbls.

OIL SHIPMENTS PER A. V. R. R.

Citizens' Oil Co., 100 bbls refined oil, to Tack Bros., Philadelphia.

J. W. Alexader, 50 bbls ref. oil to A. R. McHenry, Phila.

J. C. Kirkpatrick & Co., 288 bbls ref. oil to Waring, K & Co., Phila.

Montzheimer, K. & Co., 150 bbls ref. oil to Waring, K. & Co., Phila.

Lockhart, F. & Co., 772 bbls ref. oil to Warden, F. & Co., Phila.

National Refining Co., 248 bbls ref. oil to Warden, F. & Co., Phila.

J. M. Ritter, 244 bbls ref. oil to Logan Bro. & Co., Phil'a.

McKelvy Bro. & Co., 410 bbls ref. oil to Logan Bro. & Co. Phila.

Total ..... 2,262 bbls.

OIL SHIPPED BY W. P. R. R.

Union Ref. and S. Co., 498 bbls ref. to Logan Bro. & Co., Phila.

Kirkpatrick & Lyon, 261 bbls ref. to Logan Bro. & Co., Phila.

Ralston & Waring, 266 bbls ref. to Poultney & Moal, Baltimore.

A. Hertz, 100 bbls ref. oil to Warden, F. & Co., Phila.

Mentzer, H. & Co., 265 bbls ref. to Waring, K. & Co., Phila.

Model Refinery, 400 bbls ref. to Warden, F. & Co., Phila.

Mentzer, H. & Co., 265 bbls ref. to Waring, K. & Co., Phila.

Total ..... 1,784 bbls.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

New York.

NEW YORK, May 12.—Cotton less active and unchanged, with sales of 1172 bales at 23¼c for middling uplands. Receipts of 13,029 bbls—flour unchanged, with sales of 7200 bbls at $4.95@5.15 for superfine State and western, $5.20@5.95 for extra State, $5.20@6 for do extra western, $5.25@5.50 for shipping brands of extra round hoop Ohio, $5.60@6.60 for extra brands do, $5.70@6.50 for white wheat extra western, $5.75@6.60 for extra St. Louis and $6.10@8.25 for good to choice do. Rye flour quiet, with sales of 200 bbls at $4.50@5.65. Corn meal unchanged. Whiskey firm but less active, sales 450 bbls west'n free at $1.10@1.11; closing inside. Grain; Wheat, receipts 44,000 bush, 1@2c lower and less active, shippers and millers holding off; sales 69,000 bush at $1.14 for No 3 spring, $1.15@1.21 for No 2 spring, $1.20 for No 1 spring to arrive, $1.32@1.34 for winter red and amber western, and $1.40 for white Michigan. Rye quiet and nominally unchanged. Barley and Barley Malt nominally unchanged. Corn: receipts 11,300 bush; corn dull and a shade lower, with sales 35,000 bush at $1.12@1.15 for new mixed western and $1.16@1.19 for yellow western, the latter an extreme. Oats: Receipts 54,000 bush; market dull and 1@2c better, with sales 140,000 bush at 64¾@66c for western in store and 66¾@67c afloat; 68@71c for white and State. Hay unchanged. Hops quiet and unchanged. Coffee dull. Molasses firm. Rice firm at 6¾@7½c. Sugar firm; sales 800 hhds at 8¾@9c for fair to good refining. Petroleum quiet; crude 15¾@16c; refined 27¾c. Turpentine steady at 42@43c. Pork nominal, with sales 200 bbls at $29.25@29.50 for mess, $27@29.50 for prime and $25@26 for prime mess. Beef steady, with sales 300 bbls at $11@15 for plain mess and $16@18 for extra mess. Beef Hams quiet, with sales of 40 bbls at $18@20. Tierce Beef firm at $25@26 for prime and $30 for India mess; sales 100 tcs old prime mess at $15.75. Middles quiet and firm. Lard heavy and steady, with sales 150 pkgs at 12¾@12¾c for shoulders and 16@16c for hams. Lard nominal, 220 tcs prime at 16¾c for future and 16¾c for kettle rendered. Butter steady for Ohio. Cheese steady at 8@15c. Liverpool nominally easier.

Cloves closed dull and without decision. Wheat dull and heavy at $1.18@2 spring and $1.23@1.34 for winter amber western in store, nominal. Oats 1@c for western in store and 69@c. Corn dull at $1.12@1.15 for new term. Rye nominal. Barley dull for month and $2@25 for next month. Beef a fair demand. Cut meats steady with ... demand. Bacon nominal. Lard dull; prime steam 16¾@16¾c on spot and 16¾c bid seller May. Eggs steady at 17½c.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, May 12.—Eastern Exchange unchanged. Flour firm and steady. Wheat quiet; No. 2 ranged from 96¾c to 97¾c, and closed at 97c; this afternoon the market was firmer at 98¾c cash, and $1.00¾ seller June. Corn dull and 2¼@2¾c lower on spot and 1¾c for No. 2, 85@86c for rejected, 82@84c for no grade, closing at outside price. Rye is more active and 1@2c lower, closing at 81@82c for No. 2. Barley stronger, closing at 95@96c. Highwines are held at $1.08. Provisions quiet. Mess pork closed at $28.50@28.75. Lard 16@16¾c. Dry salt shoulders 11¾@11¾c for loose. The receipts for the past 24 hours were 3,528 bbls flour, 40,250 bush wheat, 63,875 bush corn, 26,248 bush oats, 2,052 bush rye, 2,120 bush barley, 7,720 hogs. Shipments—5,000 bbls flour, 114,000 bush wheat, 61,717 bush corn, 18,842 bush oats, 500 bush rye, 5,640 bush barley, 6,500 hogs. Freights are more active at 4c for corn, and 4¾c for wheat per sail to Buffalo.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, May 12.—Flour firm with good demand for family at $5.10@5.35. Wheat not so firm; red $1.04@1.10 for No. 2 and 1 for spring. Corn dull; all offered was taken at $1.03@1.04 for white sound corn was offered suitable for shipment. Oats 2¢ closed dull and lower for No 2 mixed to choice white. Rye tended upward; No 1 $1. asking $1.05 for choice. Barley nominally unchanged. Cotton firmer and higher; middlings 22¾@23c. Tobacco in good demand; sales of 154 hhds from $4 to $16.50 for lugs, the boxes of Ohio seed leaf at $5@16; the demand exceeded the supply. Whisky unsettled and held at $1.06@1.10; sales reported at the latter rate, but it was offered in iron bound cooperage at that rate, and that made by patent process at $1.08. Provisions quiet and firm at $29.00, but held at $29.75 asked. Bulk meats dull; shoulders 11¾@11¾c; sides 14¾@14¾c; sales of 100,000 pounds of shoulders sold at 12c buyer this month. Bacon quiet; shoulders 12¾@12¾c; sides 16¾@17¾c asked, ¼c less offered; demand light. Lard dull at 16¾c for prime kettle. Butter firm at 25@30c. Eggs advanced with light supply.

St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, May 12.—Tobacco firm and unchanged. Cotton firm at 21¾c. Hemp steady at $1.25@1.35. Flour: low grades scarce; all grades higher. Extra fall superfine $4.75@5.25, X $4.65@5. XX $5.25@5.40. Wheat opened firmer and closed dull and weak as to No. 2 spring, 96@96c for No. 2 red fall, $1.08 for choice to fancy white, and closing dull at inside rates. Corn demoralized and prices unsettled; mixed sold at $1.03 for yellow, $1.04@1.06 for choice to fancy white, and closing dull at inside rates. Oats opened at 63¾@65c; closed at 62¾@63c for mixed. Barley dull and lower at 87½@ 90c for Minn. Rye ranged 80@86c. Whiskey advanced to $1.08; held higher. Sugar quiet at 10¾@11¾c. Coffee ranges quiet at 19½@ 21½c. Molasses steady at 42@60c for sugar house. Provisions quiet; pork $29.50@30, lard ter for extra. Dry salted Meats: nothing doing. Bacon: order sales 13c. Shoulders 13¾c, for clear rib, 17½@17¾c for clear, 19@19¾c, for sugar cured hams. Receipts—flour, 4,400 bbls; wheat, 16,000 bush; corn, 30,000 do; oats, 1,500 do; barley, 110 do; rye, 600 do; hogs, 800 heads.

Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, May 12.—Flour advanced 25c, 500 bbls sold; closed strong. Rye, flour steady and unchanged. The market for prime wheat was 4c better; sales of No. 1 red at $1.27, No. 2 do held at $1.23@1.22, the market closing strong, with an advancing tendency. Corn firm. The market for oats opened better at 60c for No. 1 State, but at the close were freely offered at these figures without buyers. Rye quiet and firm; held at 95c@$1. Barley dull and nominal. Petroleum quiet but steady; refined in large lots held at 25c for May, and 25¼c for June; crude a shade lower—held at $5.60 per bbl.

Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, May 12.—Flour firm and unchanged. Wheat firm, with sales of Pennsylvania at $1.40@1.45. Corn quiet and unchanged. Oats quiet at 65@65c. Mess pork firm at $29.75 @30. Bacon firmer; rib sides 16c, clear sides 17@17¼c, shoulders 13½c, and hams 20@21c. Lard quiet at 17@17¼c. Whisky in good demand; iron-bound $1.25, wood $1.09, and patent $1.08.

Toledo.

TOLEDO, May 12.—Flour quiet. Wheat 2c lower; No 2 white Wabash $1.30, regular white Michigan $1.27, amber Michigan $1.24, closing with small sales at $1.18, No 1 red $1.23. Corn lc lower, No 2 46c. Oats unchanged, No 1 60c. Freights nominal. Receipts: flour 600 bbls, wheat 8,500 bush, corn 3,300 bush. Shipments: flour 1,100 bbls, wheat 1,800 bush, corn 5,600 bush, oats 2,100 bush.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, May 12.—Cotton firm: middling 22c. Flour $5. Corn active and scarce; choice $1.20. Oats 59c. Rye $1. Whisky $1.08@1.10. Pork $29.50; bacon 13½, 16¾ and 17¾c; bulk meats 12¾, 15¾ and 18¾c. Lard 16¾. Whiskey $1.06@1.10. Tobacco steady; sales 294 hhds at 5¾@8 trash to lugs, low to good leaf brings 8¾@23c.

Memphis.

MEMPHIS, May 12.—Cotton dull at 22¾c; receipts of 502 bales; exports 774 bales. Flour: superfine $4.50@5.00. Corn 95@97½c. Oats scarce at 72½c in store. Hay active at $25@26. Bran active at $27@27.50. Lard dull shoulders 13¼c; sides 18¾c. Bacon dull; shoulders 13¼c; sides 18¾c.

Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, May 12.—Flour unchanged, wheat dull at $1.00, No. 1 96¾c; No. 2 oats dull at 52c. No. 2 corn quiet at 86c for rejected. Rye advancing at 82c No. 1. Freights firmer with rates unchanged. Receipts 6,000 bbls flour, 68,000 bushels wheat; shipments 7,000 bbls flour, 121,000 bushels wheat.

Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, May 12.—Flour in good demand; extra at $5.00@5.50. Wheat unchanged; offerings light. Rye unchanged. Corn less active but unchanged. Provisions dull. Mess pork $29.50. Lard 16¾@16¾c. Whiskey: sales of iron bound at $1.10, now held at $1.15.

Detroit.

DETROIT, May 12.—Wheat is scarce and very firm, with sales No. 1 at $1.30@1.40. Corn held at 90@98c. Oats 50@66c. Barley, $1.55.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD, May 11.—130 hf bbls fish, J Connor; 10 bbls oil, J Henderson & Bro; 52 bbls whisky, W Carr; 1 lot potatoes, Bricker & Co; 1 car oats, Lang & McKallip; 25 tcs hams, 53 hhds do, J H Parker; 3 cars staves, W Hastings; 2966 bgs malt, T Collins; 52 bgs oats, S Hood; 2 bbls eggs, 1 bx butter, Robb & Herron; 1 bbl bags rags, R Christy; 30 bags oats, Campbell & Aiken; 9 bgs oats, 3 do flaxseed, W H Graff; 162 bgs oats, 6 bxs meat, 1 bbl do, J J Pettit; 50 tcs grease, J Dalzell & Sons; 100 bbls flour, Culp & Shepard; 100 do do, Schomaker & Langenheim; 100 do do, T C Jenkins & Bro; 1 car s iron, Jones & Laughlin; 1 car h h goods, C P Walker; 1 car staves, J Painter; 2 cars wheat, J S Liggett & Co; 3,500 fire brick, Lloyd & Black; 3,500 do do, Anderson & Woods; 10 bxs tobacco, McMullin & Co; 16 caddies do, J M Sichel; 4 cars lard, J W Lea; 5 do wine, M Johnson; 15 do do, W Miller & Co; 2 hhds tobacco, C F Herd; 3 do do, Weyman & Bro; 9 bgs feathers, F G Craighead; 1 car staves, M P Adams & Bro; 99 tes hams, F Sellers & Co.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD COMPANY, May 12.—10 cars coal, Brady Bend Iron Co; 3 cars, 22,000 feet lumber, W W Rigdon; 5,000 do do, Slack & Sholes; 2 cars pig iron, Moorhead & Co; 120 sks potatoes, 10 bbls do, Voigt, M & Co; 10 bbls beer, J Kessler; 3 bbls oil, R E Sellers, 100 bbls lime, E H Myers; 49 iron bound bbls, Geo B Neal; 74 sks glue scraps, Presser & Co; 20 hides G Anderson; 29 bbls rosin, B L Fahnestock & Co; lot furniture, J Woodwell; 10 bbls apples, Randolph & Co; 58 sks corn, J & W Fairley; 2 bbls eggs, P Duff & Son; 4 hf do fish, Watt, L & Co; 55 do do, A Kirkpatrick & Co; 3 bbls eggs, Day & Co; 19 do apples, Bruggerman & O; 4 sks potatoes, Randolph & S; 1 tubs butter, H Rea Jr, 3 bbls d apples, Voigt, M & Co; 30 bxs crackers, W H Heimer & Co; lot tobacco, F Maul.

PITTSBURGH FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD, May 12—25 bbls spirits, W Carr & Co; 100 bbls flour, Culp & S; 600 do do, 20 doz rakes, J England; 60 do do, Fahnestock & B; 94 c bbls A Guckenheimer; 210 bbls flour, Schomaker & H; 24 bbls p bgs, R Christy; lot iron, 50 bdls shovels, Myers & A; 4 bbls bacon, E H Myers & Co; 2 do do, Atwell & Lee, 11 bgs rags, C P Markle & Son; 2 bbls eggs, 15 bxs cheese, 1 bdl mop sticks, Woodworth & D; 1 bbls eggs, 2 bxs bacon, 12 hf bbls herring, W D Cooper; 54 sks potatoes, Meanor & H; 25 bbls flour, B L Fahnestock; 1 portable organ, Hoffman & H; 12 sks rags, Frazier & M; 10 hf bbls herrings, W J France; 15 do do, Smith & H; 130 do do, J S Dilworth & Co; 3 cars metal, Nimick & Co; 1 do do, Bryan & C.

ALLEGHENY STATION, May 12—28 bbls flour, E M Jenkins; 1 car staves, Strott Bro; 1 car hoop poles, R T Kennedy Bro; 2 do lumber, Smith, Cresswell & Co; 2 do do, Lindsay & McCutcheon; 2 bbls eggs, 3 bxs butter, H Lenz; 3 bbls eggs, G Myers; 13 hides, 1 pkg tallow, M Seabold; 7 bbls flour, T C Jenkins; 3 cars staves, J M Hemphill; 1 do do, Ralya & R; 5 cars metal, Spang, Chalfant & Co; 2 do do, Graff, Bennett & Co; 11 hides, 3 bbls tallow, J Hiteshue; 2 cars metal, Pgh Iron & Forge Co.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, May 12—1 car lumber, Montzheimer, K & Co; 6 bbls eggs, 4 bxs butter, J Klingensmith; 8 sks potatoes, Whiteside, Anderson & Co; 1 car stone, Henderson, Mackin & Co; 2 do do, P Brough; 17 green hides, J Callery; 1 car metal, McKnight & Co; 1 bx eggs, 1 sk rags, 1 pkg chickens, L J Blanchard; 3 pkgs butter and eggs, Paul & Gibson; 15 lambs, G W Given; 2 bbls eggs, 2 bxs butter, W Seibert; 1 car barley, J M Carson & Co.

IMPORTS BY RIVER.

CINCINNATI PER JUNIATA, May 12.—W Frank & Son, 12 m t csks; R E Sellers & Co, 2 bbls alcohol, 11 bxs drugs, H A Hays & Co, 2 bdls mouldings; Hall & Spear, 120 bdls plow hdls; J & A Kelly, 2 bbls alcohol; Clark & Co, 10 bbls cement, H Rea Jr, 7 doz brooms; Voigt, Mahood & Co, 8 bbls apples; P Duff & Sons, 12 bbls apples, 3 bbls eggs; F Sellers & Co, 10 tcs d beef; C Himsen & Son, 87 m t casks; E Hyde & Son, 11 bales cotton; Loomis & C, 20 tons pig iron; W Best, 1 bx mdse; Bruggerman & O'Brien, 30 bbls apples, J J Pettit & Co, 5 bbls eggs, 2 bbls d apples, W H Graff & Co, 2 bbls eggs, Spencer & McKay, 15 hf ale bbls, Woodworth & D, 11 bbls eggs; Dauler & Sons, 7 c s chairs; Hostetter & Smith, 8 csks empty bottles; H, L, A & Co, 10,000 ft lumber.

PITTSBURGH BROWNSVILLE AND GENEVA, May 12—14 bales hay, J C Schauppe & Co; 44 sks oats, 8 bales hay, Campbell & C; 45 bbls whisky, A S Carlisle; 1 keg do, Griff & Wells; 90 sks corn, S B Floyd & Co; 5 bbls apples, Keil & R; 60 sks oats, W H Hagan.

GENEVA PER BELLE, May 12—13 galls apple butter, Campbell & C; 20 bgs oats, S B Floyd & Co; 94 do do, 42 bgs wheat, McBane & A; lot stoneware, R Peet; 12 bales hay, S R Patterson; 2 bxs butter, M W Rankin; 58 bgs oats, W Welsh & Co.

PORTSMOUTH PER GRANITE STATE, May 12—51 tons metal, Loomis & C; 250 bbls h wines, Clark & Co; 277 nail kgs, 200 bdls staves, 85 do headings, Phillips & M; 4,000 feet lumber, A Harpole.

RUSSIAN BRACES.

The Best Suspenders Ever Worn.

Merchants are cautioned against buying any but Russell goods. Each pair is stamped with the dates of our patents. Sold at retail first-class Furnishing Goods dealers in this city.

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RIVER NEWS.

The river was about stationary last evening with 7 feet 11 inches in the channel by Monongahela marks.

The Juniata arrived from Cincinnati on Wednesday night, and returned as usual, yesterday.

The new steamer Granite State arrived from Portsmouth on Wednesday night with a good trip and will return again to day at 4 o'clock. Commodore Keir is delighted with his new packet, as well he may be. She runs well, handles easily, is of very light draft, and admirably adapted for a summer packet.

The Argosy from St. Louis has arrived.

The Belle arrived from Geneva, with a good freight list and quite a number of passengers. Capt. Smith is the right man in the right place, as he makes friends wherever he goes.

The Glendale, Capt. Hare, is filling up steadily for St. Louis, and will probably be the first boat out for that port.

The Kate Putnam, Capt. Evans, is announced to depart for Nashville to morrow. Messrs Harbison and Ghriest are associated together in the office.

The Wild Duck, Capt. Anawalt, is filling up steadily for St. Louis. Capt. Anawalt is very popular among shippers.

G. H. Ghriest & Co., are agents for the Wild Duck.

The Belle will leave again for Brownsville and Geneva to-morrow evening at 6 o'clock.

The Collier did not leave on Wednesday night, as stated, but she did get off yesterday. Pilots, Marsh Hays and Thos Morris.

Considerable rain is reported as having fallen at the headwaters of the Allegheny yesterday, and it is fair to infer that there will be a rise in this stream.

The Lorena left St. Louis for Pittsburgh on Tuesday.

—The St. Louis papers, like those of Chicago, are disposed to flow their own horn pretty freely. The following is from the *Democrat* of Tuesday. The Cairo port list of Sunday embraces nineteen steamers. Fifteen of these are engaged in the St. Louis trade. That is, there were fifteen steamers bound to or from St. Louis, to four bound to or from all other points. We have frequently noted in past years a similar striking disparity in favor of St. Louis, but the contest has become much greater than it was in 1852. It is likely that the river commerce of St. Louis exceeds that of Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Louisville, Wheeling, Evansville, and all other towns of the Ohio river combined. Seven of the fifteen steamers are owned entirely here, and one partly. If any one attempts to break the force of the above statement, by mentioning the "interior" trade done upon the Ohio—the local trade between Pittsburgh and Portsmouth, Pittsburgh and Cincinnati, &c., let him bear in mind the magnificent daily lines of packets we have that do not appear in the Cairo list—that run from St. Louis to St. Paul, Keokuk, Omaha, Miami, Kansas City and Peoria.

—The wharf ordinances at St. Paul now stand as follows: Boats pay 44 cents a ton, provided that in no case shall they be charged over $20 a trip. Boats to be allowed to lay at the wharf three days, but not so as to interfere with the unloading or loading of other boats; also that no steamer that lays idle for 30 days, except that barges used as lighters shall not be compelled to pay wharfage, but when they are used to convey freight in connection with steamers they shall be charged the same rate per ton as steamers. The salary of the wharf master was changed from three per cent to five per cent on collections, as the change of the wharfage would otherwise reduce his salary.

—A St Louis dispatch, under date of Tuesday, says Capt. Chapman, of the steamer David Watts, reports seeing two "floaters" on the way up from Cairo; also, that six dead bodies passed Shenneman's Landing within a few days. These are supposed to be the boddies of the victims of the Stonewall disaster. The shore bar at that place where the Stonewall burned is washing away, and the channel is changing considerably, which doubtless has discengaged the uncovered bodies from the sand and allowed them to rise to the surface and float away.

—The tow boat Antelope arrived at St Louis on Tuesday, from Dubuque with 115,000 bushels grain. She made the trip in 47 hours, which is fast time for passenger steamers. The grain would fill 380 cars cars and make 15 long trains. The question of the relative cheapness of the river route for the transportation of grain as compared with the railroad is strongly brought out by such shipments as this.

—A family in Florida lost their little boy, and they advertised for him in the daily paper. That very afternoon an alligator crawled up out of the swamp and died on the front door step. In his stomach were found a handful of red hair, some brass buttons, a glass alley, a brass barreled pistol, a Sunday school book and a pair of check pants. The advertisement did it.

—The Dubuque *Times* of Sunday says The Antelope probably got off last night if not she goes this morning. She had the biggest load yet. It was, in fact, of mammoth proportions, containing 20,000 bushels of wheat and over 100,000 bushels oats; total, over 120,000

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

HOME NEWS.

The County Executive Committee meets to-morrow afternoon.

Madame Demorest's beautifully illustrated Monthly Mirror of Fashions for June for sale at W. B. Guldenfenney's, No. 45 Fifth avenue.

Weston—not the pedestrian—but John Weston the vagrant, was sent to the workhouse for ninety days by Mayor Callow yesterday.

It is expected that the new building for the Ellsworth Fire Company of Allegheny will be ready for occupancy about the first of next month.

Killed—The intelligence comes by telegraph that Mr. Andrew J. Stratton, of New Brighton, Pa., was killed in the collision which occurred yesterday on the Missouri Pacific Railroad.

Yesterday Alderman Arent issued a warrant for the arrest of Mrs. Heathen Gaither for threatening to cut the ears off a little son of Mrs. Eichelberger. The parties reside in the Seventh ward, Allegheny.

Promising Youths.—A. Edler made information before Justice Heisel yesterday, charging his sons, William and Gordon, with being habitual drunkards, and he alleges that they beat and abuse him. Warrants issued.

Runaway.—Yesterday afternoon a horse attached to Louis Tresser's butcher wagon ran away on Pine street, Seventh ward. After colliding with a pair of steps, leading into a house, and demolishing wagon and steps, the runaway was secured.

Larceny by Bailee.—Jacob Rubler made information before Justice Heisel yesterday, charging Fred. Behr with larceny by bailee. He alleges that Behr borrowed some article of clothing from him of the value of two dollars, which he neglected to return. Warrant issued.

False Pretence.—John Schleigle made information before Justice Heisel yesterday, charging Christ Bachelmeyer with obtaining money under false pretences. He alleges that the accused obtained of a canary bird valued at $6 and $7.50 in cash by means of certain false representations. A warrant was issued.

Explosion.—Wednesday evening an explosion of gas occurred in Pat Brown's saloon, corner Chatham street and Fifth avenue. The plastering on the bar-room ceiling and on the walls was torn off and the floor of the second story raised several inches, but nobody was hurt. A leak in the gas pipe was the cause.

Domestic Grievances.—Sarah Smithson made information before Alderman Thomas Tuesday night against Edward Smithson, for husband, marital rights. Edward, it is said, accused was arrested, spent the night in jail and yesterday was repentant. The case was then compromised, the wife withdrawing the charge.

Cross Suits.—Uriah Hanlon and James McCann had cross suits before Alderman Herron yesterday for assault and battery. Hanlon alleged McCann struck Mrs. Hanlon in the face, because Mrs. Hanlon had struck him in a similar manner. The parties reside in the Twelfth ward. After hearing the dispute was compromised.

Besieged.—George Johnson is a resident of the Twelfth Ward, who lives in terror every day in the absence of his wife. He says that Deb and Ann Seymour and Henry Marsule, who have no regard for him, George was informed yesterday, took the advice of Alderman Taylor, who arrested the two and held them for disposition to-day.

Money Lost.—Four hundred and sixty-five dollars was taken from the residence of Chas. Quinn, near Soho a few days since. Charles interrogated the servant girl, who appeared before Alderman Taylor and made information charging his brother-in-law, Edward Finn, with the larceny of the money. The accused was arrested yesterday and held for a hearing.

That Wife Whipping.

Yesterday Joseph Carist, the wife whipper, had a hearing before Mayor Callow on a charge of felonious assault and battery preferred against him by a lady who occupied a portion of the house. The lady testified that she heard Christ whipping his wife Wednesday night, and went around to the door when the man threw Mrs. Christ out in the yard and that she was forced to remain there until the noise aroused, in a perfectly nude condition. She was picked up and taken into the house,—some of the people remaining with her the remainder of the night, as she was afraid to be arrested. He was often known to whip her severely but rather exceeded the mark Wednesday night. When arrested after the beating, he was sent to jail in default of two thousand dollars bail, for trial. Mrs. Carist is still confined to the house, and the wife beater is at large. She was terribly abused and was remarkably fortunate even to escape with her life.

Sixth Company Duquesne Grays.

We are pleased to note that Captain Louis Hager, of the Sixty-first Pennsylvania Regiment, has recruited enough of our German fellow-citizens to enter the Duquesne Grays as the sixth company of the regiment now forming.

Captain Hager was a noble soldier in the late war, and put his company in a regiment of Germans, instead of a company. He still wants a few more good men. The roll of this company can be seen at Allemania Verein's, 95 Fifth avenue. We are informed there are four other companies started and filling up rapidly, which completes the Duquesne Grays Regiment. All good young men who wish to belong to this "get" regiment should join in the ranks at once, as a few days will find it full.

BRUTAL.

A Woman Almost Killed—Attacked by Two Brutes—One of Them in Custody.

A most brutal case of inhumanity was developed at the Mayor's office yesterday. Information for felonious assault and battery was preferred against a certain Hugh Madison, a young man who is not unknown to police fame. It was stated that the evening previous Madison and a female named Whisky, his mistress, residing on Hill street, to whom he was devoted, had a quarrel, when the brute in human form beat her in a terrible manner. Whisky, who is a quiet, orderly person of unblemished character, called upon a neighbor and asked for protection, as Madison was on a tear and threatened to kill her. Madison, it is said, followed her to the house of her friend, and, breaking in the door, dragged her out into the yard and there completed the work of brutality he had commenced in the house. Whisky was left for dead, and when found was in a terrible condition. She was picked up and taken into the house, where she remained until yesterday morning, when she was able to be removed to her own home. Madison was arrested and held to bail in the sum of $1,000 to answer the charge. Another brute, named Thompson, Voegtly, and President Warner.

Clerk Dilworth read the minutes of the preceding meeting, which were adopted.

REGULAR MEETING.

Mr. Thompson presented a resolution instructing the Committee on Streets to report viewers upon opening of Fulton street between River avenue and Ridge street, Fifth ward.

Adopted.

Mr. Seible, a petition for grading and paving of that portion of Ohio street which lies within the Eighth ward. Referred to the Committee on Streets.

Mr. Howbottom, petition for water pipes on Wayne and Sterrett streets, Sixth ward. Referred to Water Committee.

Mr. Stack, petitions for sewers on Jackson street, Sheriden Hollow Road, and on Taggart street. Referred to Committee on Street.

Mr. Pargart, petition for gas lamp on Irwin avenue between Jackson and Ackley streets. Referred to Committee on Gas.

Also petition for extension of discretionary powers of Street Commissioners in regard to sinks, privy vaults etc. Referred to Committee on Ordinances.

Mr. McNeil, a remonstrance against the proposed route of the lateral sewer on Liberty street. Referred to Street Committee.

"DECORATION DAY."

Mr. Hoehing presented an invitation from Gen. Negley's Post, No. 1, G. A. R., Logan Monumental Association, asking Councils to participate in the ceremonies attending the laying of the corner-stone of the Soldiers' Monument on "Decoration Day." The invitation was accepted.

Mr. Hastings stated that carriages would be provided at the time for the members of Councils, who would meet at their City Hall.

Mr. Barnes, a resident of Lawrenceville, the building of a sewer in Darragh street, as it was not desired by the property holders. Referred to Street Committee.

THE PARK GROUNDS.

Mr. Stack presented a communication from James Park jr., President of the Park Commission, accompanying an ordinance which the Commission had prepared in reference to police regulations of the grounds. The communication was accepted and filed.

After some discussion on motion of Mr. Gumbler the ordinance was considered seriatim and after being slightly amended adopted.

The ordinance provides—

1. That all persons are forbidden to enter or leave the Park grounds except by the regular gateways.

2. That persons are forbidden to climb or walk upon the fence.

3. To carry firearms or to throw stones or other missiles within the grounds, or upon any of the streets surrounding the same. (The clause in relation to firearms was subsequently stricken out.)

4. To cut, break or in any way injure or deface the trees, shrubs, plants, turf, or any of the buildings, fences, bridges, fountains or other constructions upon the Park.

5. No threatening, abusive, boisterous, profane or indecent language shall be allowed on any of the Park grounds.

6. No person shall be allowed to tell fortunes or play at any game of chance, at or with any money or property staked on the result of the same, or transact business of any kind whatever on the Park grounds.

7. No person shall post or otherwise offer any bill, notice or paper upon any structure or tree within the grounds, nor upon any of the fences or stone to four rods thereof, unless the same have been reported with favorable recommendation.

Report accepted, and the ordinance referred to as read three time and passed finally under a suspension of the rules. C. C. members excused.

FINANCES.

Mr. Long, from the Finance Committee, presented the bond of Jacob Wilson, as collector of licenses, which was approved.

Mr. Long, from the Finance Committee, presented the report of the Controller, recommending the payment of certain bills. Referred to Committee on Ways and Means